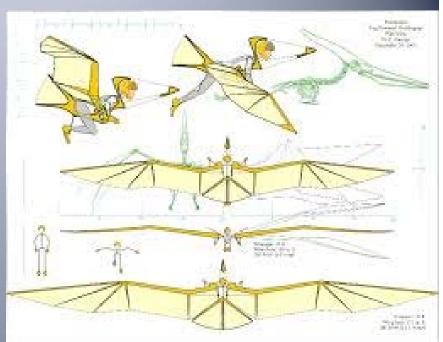


## Importance of aviation:

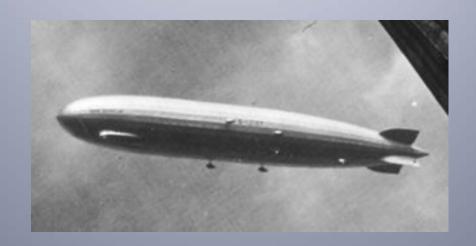
A lot of people travel by aircraft daily, but not just the avarage people. Aircrafts are used by the millitary, the meteorologists or the space research center. There are but of types of aircrafts for example: commercial aircrafts (used for travelling), air cargo planes, fighters, drones and thousands more. Aviation makes our life easier, faster and much more comfortable, but it really dangerous. We can fly over the clouds faster than the sound and we risk our lives and instead of being afraid we enjoy the flight. The question is why? Because of the sophisticated instruments.

### History:

Leonardo Da Vinci was the first who designed a plane which was a better starting point than others. It wasn't just a wing but it was based on scientific basics. This was the ornithopter.







The Zeppelin

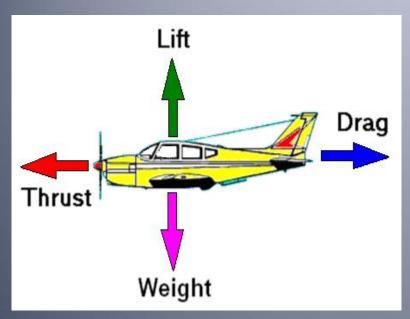


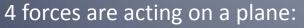
The Wright brothers' first aeroplane



The first Boeing 247D in 1933

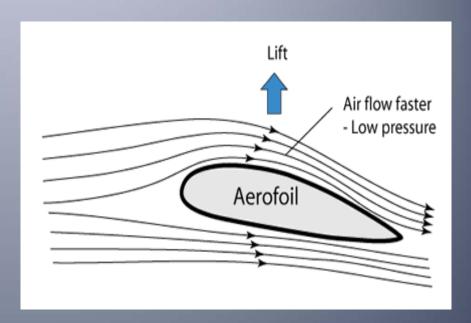
### How does a plane fly?





- -Thrust to accelerate
- -Lift to elevate
- -Weight to decrease height
- -Drag to slow it down

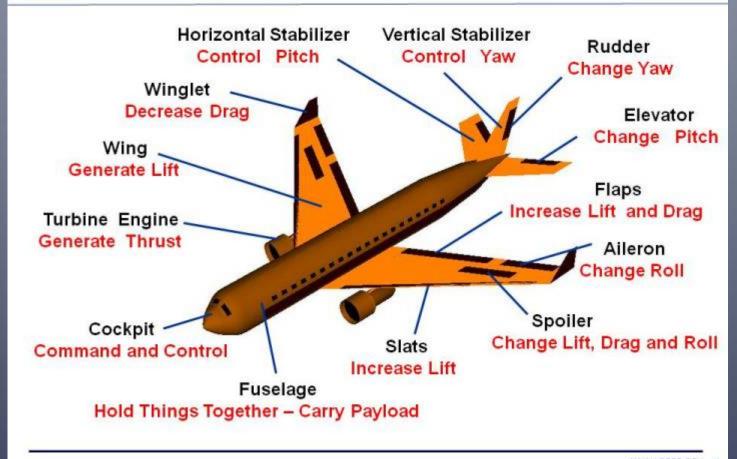
They must be equal to cause the plane fly steadily. Thrust=Drag, Lift=Weight



To lift the plane the wings have to be curved from above and flat from below.



#### Airplane Parts and Function



## Flight Control

Primary controls.-Control column (Joystick) controls the plane's movement up and down, left and right.

-Rudder controls the plane horizontally

-Throttle to speed up the plane

Secondary controls:-Wing flaps

- Slats

- Air brakes

- Spoilers

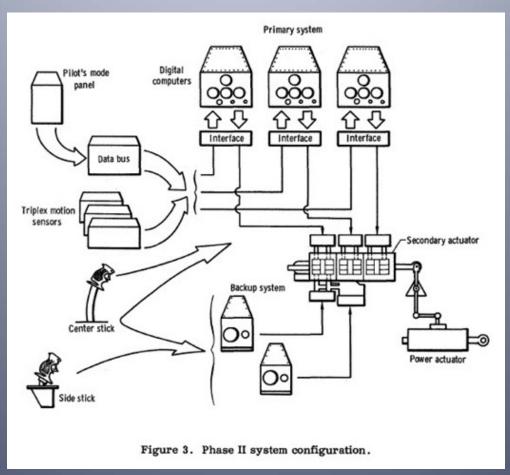
Flight Control Systems:-Mechanical

-Hydro-mechanical

-Stick shaker

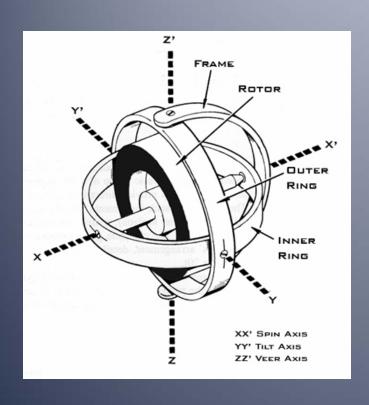
-Fly-by-wire (FBW).

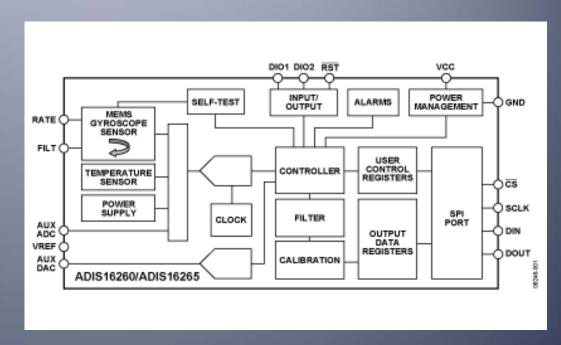
## Fly-by-Wire



• The system replaces the flight control with an electrical interface. Movements of the plane are converted to electrical signal using a wire and the flight control computer determine how to move the actuators.

# Position sensing Gyroscope

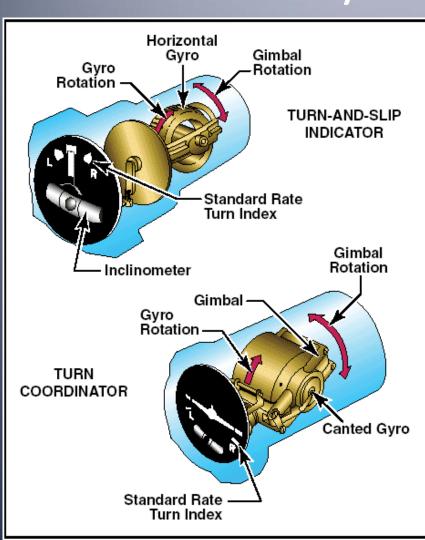




Gyroscope

Digital Gyroscope

# Position sensing Gyroscope



<u>Turn indicator:</u>-Gimbal rotation
-Gyro rotation

Turn-and-slip indicator:-Horizontal

gyro

- -Gyro Rotation
- -Gimbal Rotation

## **Orientation**



Compass



Global Positioning
System

## Compass

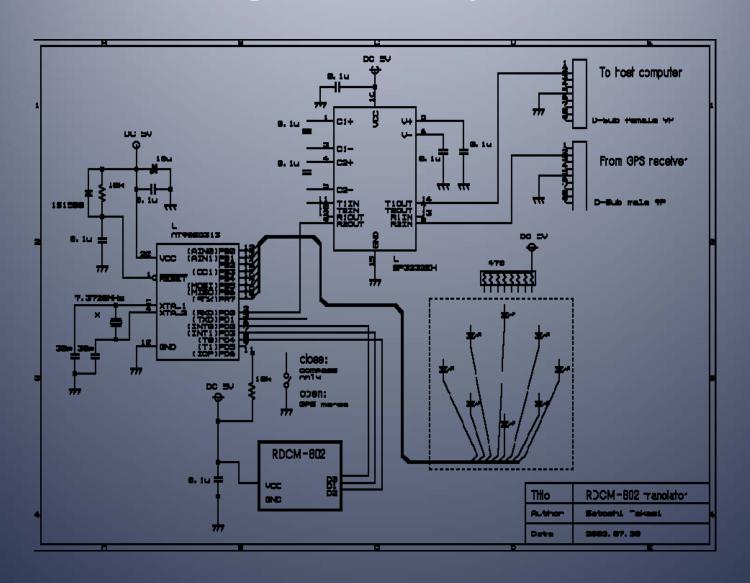


Magnetic compass:
Relative to the North pole.
It can be confused by the inclination of the Earth's magnetic pole



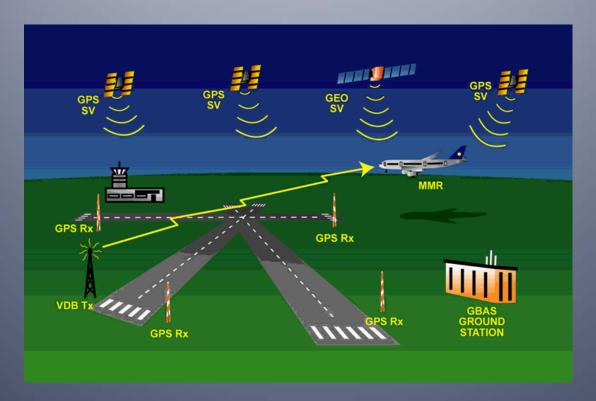
Heading indicator: Shows the direction with respect to the North pole

## Digital Compass



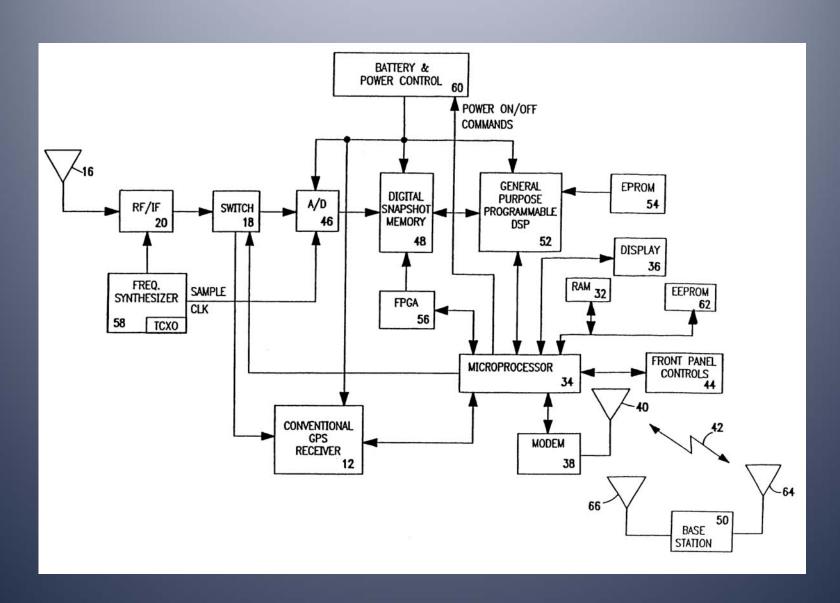
## GPS in the air

There are 24 GPS satellites around the Earth and any of the goes round the Earth in 12 hours. Everywhere the minimum satellites that can be "seen" from the ground must be 4.



A position can be located very accurate if we have a connection 4 or more GPS satellite.

## Method of processing



# Unmanned Aerial Vehicle (UAV)

Basic properties:-No pilot onboard

- -Remote controlled
- -Long range
- -Endurance
- -Various applications

### Weather Drones

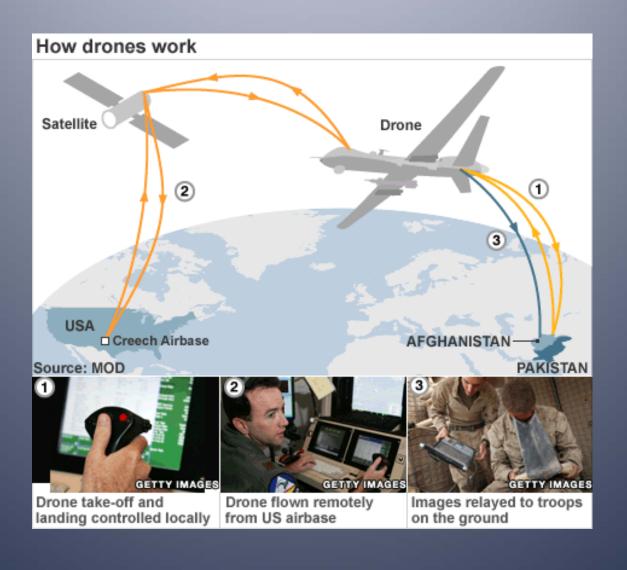


The Global Hawk is a weather drone. It studies storms and hurricanes.

#### Military Drones



MQ-9 Reaper military drones are one of the deadliest vehicles in the army. It is armed with Hellfire missiles and machine gun.



### **Commercial drones**



They are used for pipeline security, home security, roed patrol, filming or anti-piracy. It can be even controlled by smartphone.

